SPIE

Report by one of the Statutory Auditors, appointed as an independent third party, on the consolidated human resources, environmental and social information included in the management report

For the year ended December 31st, 2017
This is a free translation into English of the Statutory Auditors’ report issued in French and is
provided solely for the convenience of English speaking readers. This report should be read in
conjunction with, and construed in accordance with, French law and professional standards
applicable in France.

Report by one of the Statutory Auditors, appointed as an independent third party,
on the consolidated human resources, environmental and social information
included in the management report

For the year ended December 31st, 2017

To the Shareholders,
Parc Saint-Christophe - Pôle Vinci,
95863 Cergy Pontoise Cedex

In our capacity as Statutory Auditor of SPIE (the “Company”), appointed as independent third
party and certified by COFRAC under number 3-1060 (whose scope is available at www.cofrac.fr), we
hereby report to you our report on the consolidated human resources, environmental and social
information for the year ended December 31st, 2017, included in the management report
(hereinafter named "CSR Information"), pursuant to article L.225-102-1 of the French
Commercial Code (Code de commerce).

Company’s responsibility
The Board of Directors is responsible for preparing a company's management report including
the CSR Information required by article R.225-105-1 of the French Commercial Code in
accordance with the reporting procedures used by the Company (hereinafter the "Guidelines")
and available on request from the company’s head office.

Independence and quality control
Our independence is defined by regulatory texts, the French Code of ethics (Code de
déontologie) of our profession and the requirements of article L.822-11-3 of the French
Commercial Code. In addition, we have implemented a system of quality control including
documented policies and procedures regarding compliance with the ethical requirements and
applicable legal and regulatory requirements.
Statutory Auditor’s responsibility

On the basis of our work, our responsibility is to:

- attest that the required CSR Information is included in the management report or, in the event of non-disclosure of a part or all of the CSR Information, that an explanation is provided in accordance with the third paragraph of article R.225-105 of the French Commercial Code (Attestation regarding the completeness of CSR Information);

- express a limited assurance conclusion that the CSR Information taken as a whole is, in all material respects, fairly presented in accordance with the Guidelines (Conclusion on the fairness of CSR Information).

However, it is not for us to express an opinion on the compliance with the other legal provisions applicable, in particular those set out by the article L. 225-102-4 of the commercial code (plan of vigilance) and by the law n° 2016-1691 of December 9, 2016 known as Sapin II (fight against corruption).

Our work involved 7 persons and was conducted between October 2017 and March 2018 during a 8 week period. We were assisted in our work by our CSR experts.

We performed our work in accordance with the order dated 13 May 2013 defining the conditions under which the independent third party performs its engagement and with the professional guidance issued by the French Institute of statutory auditors (Compagnie nationale des commissaires aux comptes) relating to this engagement and with ISAE 3000 concerning our conclusion on the fairness of CSR Information (Assurance engagements other than audits or reviews of historical financial information).

1. Attestation regarding the completeness of CSR Information

Nature and scope of our work

On the basis of interviews with the individuals in charge of the relevant departments, we obtained an understanding of the Company’s sustainability strategy regarding human resources and environmental impacts of its activities and its social commitments and, where applicable, any actions or programmes arising from them.

We compared the CSR Information presented in the management report with the list provided in article R.225-105-1 of the French Commercial Code.

For any consolidated information that is not disclosed, we verified that explanations were provided in accordance with article R.225-105, paragraph 3 of the French Commercial Code.

We verified that the CSR Information covers the scope of consolidation, i.e., the Company, its subsidiaries as defined by article L.233-1 and the controlled entities as defined by article L.233-3 of the French Commercial Code within the limitations set out in the methodological note, presented in « Methodological note » section of the management report.

Conclusion
Based on the work performed and given the limitations mentioned above, we attest that the required CSR Information has been disclosed in the management report.

2. Conclusion on the fairness of CSR Information

Nature and scope of our work

We conducted about 10 interviews with about 10 persons responsible for preparing the CSR Information in the departments in charge of collecting the information and, where appropriate, responsible for internal control and risk management procedures, in order to:

- assess the suitability of the Guidelines in terms of their relevance, completeness, reliability, neutrality and understandability, and taking into account industry best practices where appropriate;
- verify the implementation of data-collection, compilation, processing and control process to reach completeness and consistency of the CSR Information and obtain an understanding of the internal control and risk management procedures used to prepare the CSR Information.

We determined the nature and scope of our tests and procedures based on the nature and importance of the CSR Information with respect to the characteristics of the Company, the human resources and environmental challenges of its activities, its sustainability strategy and industry best practices.

Regarding the CSR Information that we considered to be the most important and whose list is given in annex:

- at parent entity, we referred to documentary sources and conducted interviews to corroborate the qualitative information (organisation, policies, actions), performed analytical procedures on the quantitative information and verified, using sampling techniques, the calculations of the data. We also verified that the information was consistent and in agreement with the other information in the management report;
- at the level of a representative sample of entities, SPIE Belgium (Bruxelles, Belgium), SPIE CityNetworks (Saint-Denis, France), SPIE Est (Geispolsheim, France), SPIE Nucléaire (Cergy – Saint – Christophe, France) et SPIE Sud-Est (Feyzin, France), selected by us on the basis of their activity, their contribution to the consolidated indicators, their location and a risk analysis, we conducted interviews to verify that procedures are properly applied, and we performed tests of details, using sampling techniques, in order to verify the calculations and reconcile the data with the supporting documents. This work represents 20% of headcount considered as typical size of the social component, and 25% of environmental data considered as characteristic variables of the environmental component.

For the remaining consolidated CSR Information, we assessed its consistency based on our understanding of the company.

We also assessed the relevance of explanations provided for any information that was not disclosed, either in whole or in part.
We believe that the sampling methods and sample sizes we have used, based on our professional judgement, are sufficient to provide a basis for our limited assurance conclusion; a higher level of assurance would have required us to carry out more extensive procedures. Due to the use of sampling techniques and other limitations inherent to information and internal control systems, the risk of not detecting a material misstatement in the CSR information cannot be totally eliminated.

**Conclusion**

Based on the work performed, no material misstatement has come to our attention that causes us to believe that the CSR Information, taken as a whole, is not presented fairly in accordance with the Guidelines.

Neuilly-sur-Seine, March 22nd, 2018

One of the Statutory Auditors

PricewaterhouseCoopers Audit

Yan Ricaud  
Partner

Sylvain Lambert  
Partner of the “Sustainable Development” Department
Appendix: CSR Information that we considered to be the most important

**Human resources**

- Total workforce and split by gender, age and geographical area;
- Report of the agreements signed with labour unions or the representatives of the employees;
- Training hours;
- Workplace accidents, and more specifically frequency and severity rates;
- Implemented policy and measures taken in favor of the equality between the women and the men.

**Environmental information**

- Energy consumption, measures taken to improve the energy efficiency and resort to the renewable energies;
- Adaptation to the consequences of the climate change.

**Social information**

- Importance of the subcontracting and taken into account in the relations with the suppliers and the subcontractors of their corporate social responsibility;
- Actions committed to prevent the corruption.